

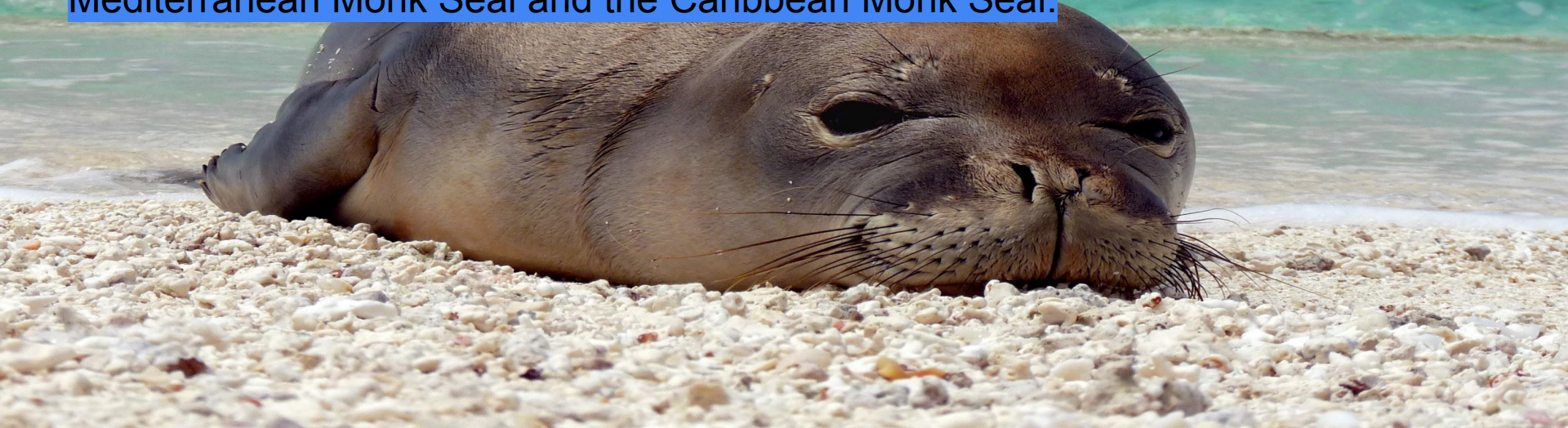
A photograph of a Hawaiian Monk Seal swimming underwater. The seal is light brown with a darker brown patch on its back and a small white patch on its forehead. It has a long, pointed snout and whiskers. The background is a deep blue ocean with some dark rocks visible at the bottom.

# Hawaiian Monk Seals

By: The Potatoes

# Introduction

Hawaiian Monk Seals are among the many species that are affected by the pollution in the oceans. Over 22 million tons of carbon dioxide is absorbed by the ocean every day and is making the ocean waters a lot more toxic. They are apart of the earless seals family(Phocidae family), they are closely related to the Mediterranean Monk Seal and the Caribbean Monk Seal.





# Habitat

- Warm, subtropical seas
- $\frac{2}{3}$  of their time at sea
- Reefs and near islands



# Foods

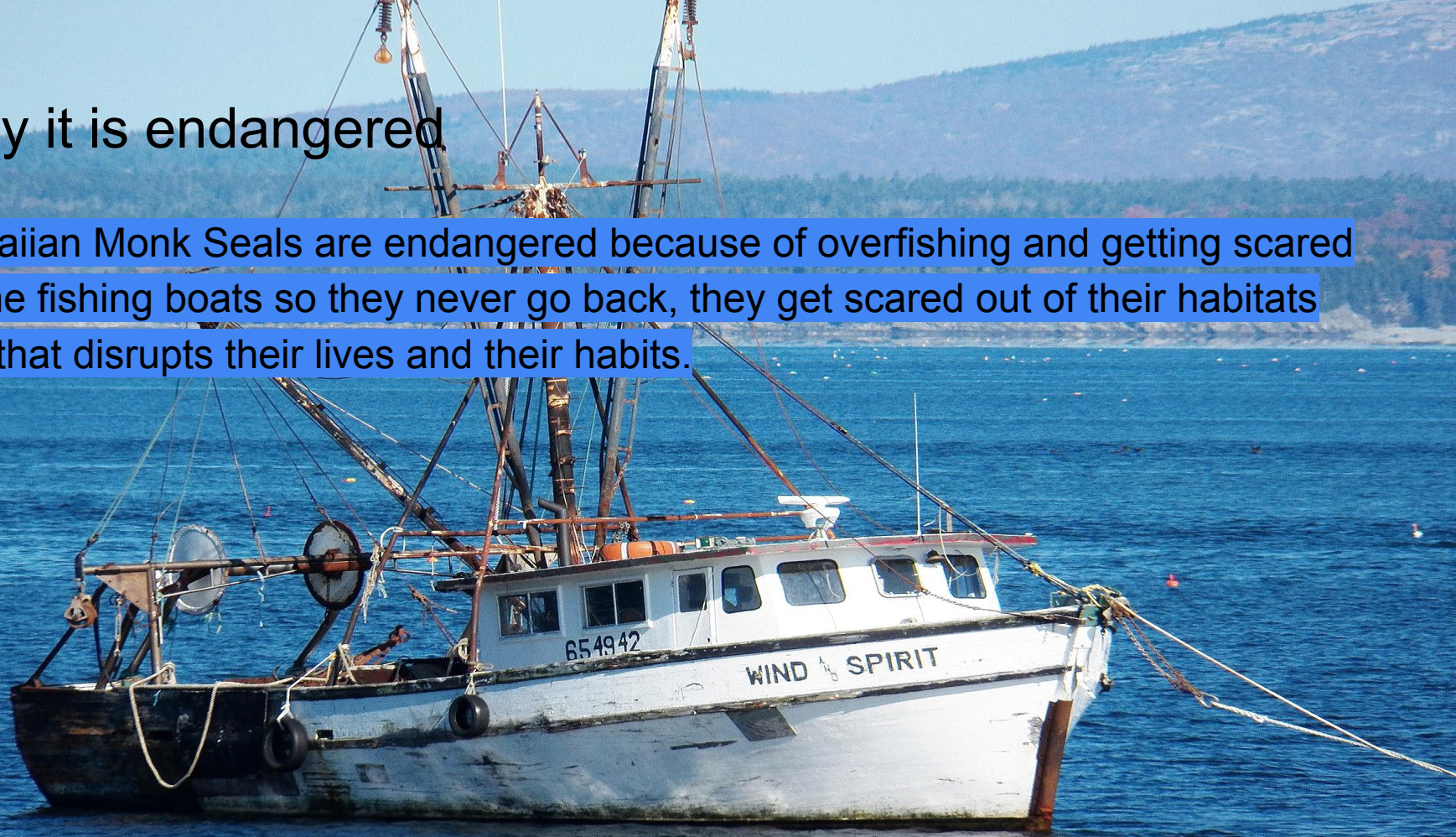
- common fishes
- Squids
- Octopuses
- Eels
- Crustaceans (crabs, shrimps, and lobsters)





# Why it is endangered

Hawaiian Monk Seals are endangered because of overfishing and getting scared by the fishing boats so they never go back, they get scared out of their habitats and that disrupts their lives and their habits.





# How we can prevent it from going extinct

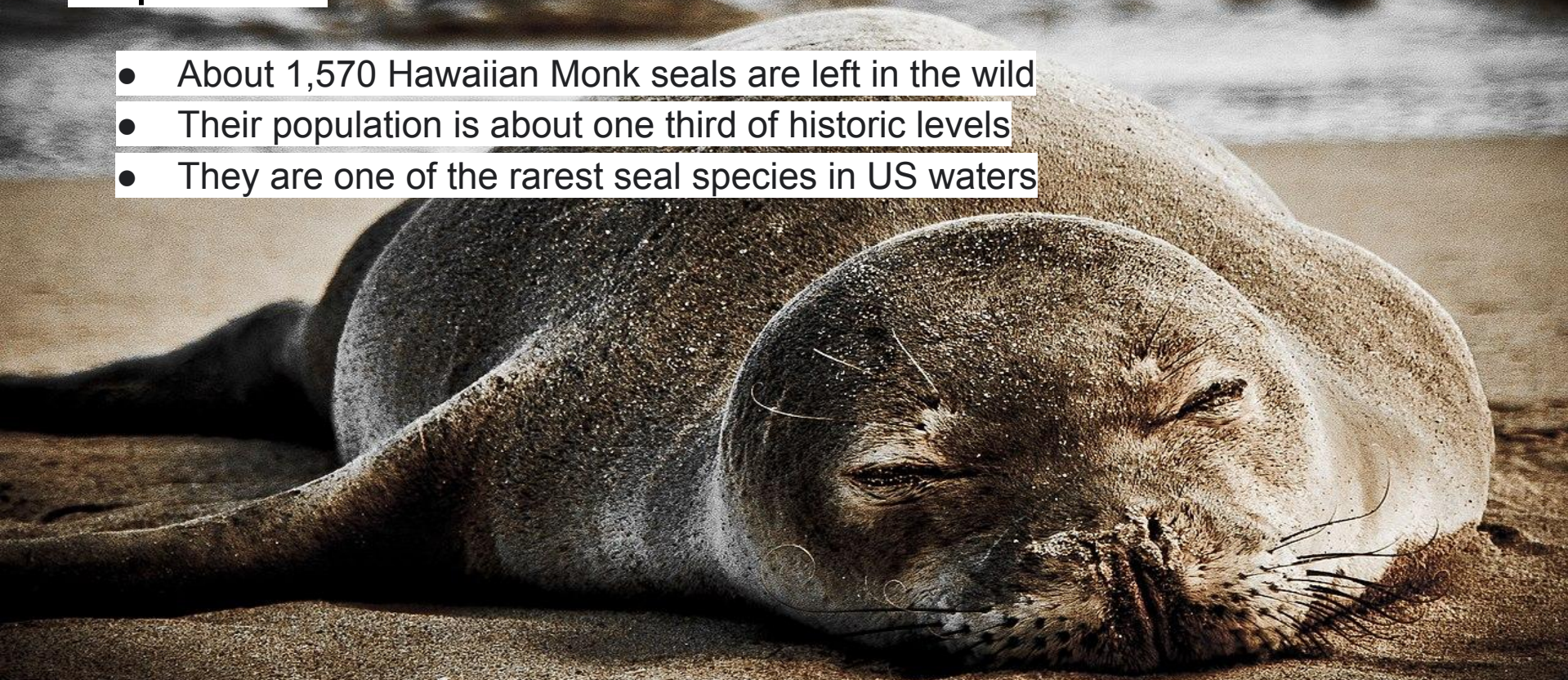
- Reusable plastics
- Be cautious while fishing
- Stop littering
- Prevent habitat loss





# Population

- About 1,570 Hawaiian Monk seals are left in the wild
- Their population is about one third of historic levels
- They are one of the rarest seal species in US waters





# Interesting facts

1. They can grow up to 7 feet long
2. They can live to at least 30 years
3. Unlike other seals, they prefer topical waters
4. They can dive more than 1804 feet underwater
5. They can hold their breath for 20 minutes





# Sources

Google

Wikipedia

World Wildlife Fund

NOAA Fisheries

Oceana

Hawaiian Ocean Project





A brown fur seal is shown swimming underwater. The seal is positioned in the center-left of the frame, facing right. It has a brown body with lighter, mottled patches on its head and neck. Its eyes are dark, and it has a small, dark nose. The seal's mouth is slightly open, showing its teeth. Its flippers are visible, and it appears to be in motion. The background is a deep blue, and the seabed is visible at the bottom, covered in dark rocks and some small, light-colored debris. The text "Thank you for listening to this presentation by the potatoes!" is overlaid on the seal's body in a white, sans-serif font.

Thank you for listening to this presentation by the  
potatoes!